

		Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
		 Pupils should be taught to: use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes 	 Pupils should be taught to: play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression 	
ıg - Singing	Vocal Expression / Effects	For instance: Use their voices confidently to create sound effects Explore different types of voices Sing songs in different ways and discuss the effect	For instance: Use voices to create and control sounds (including tempo/speed-dynamics/volume and pitch)	For instance: Create different vocal effects when singing and rapping
Performing	Chants and Rhymes	For instance: Chant words expressively using known songs and rhymes Chant and clap in time with a steady pulse	For instance: Keep in time with a steady pulse when chanting, singing or moving. Be aware of correct posture whilst singing/playing Play singing games and clapping games Sing/perform rhythmically straightforward parts (i.e. minims, crotchets, quavers in simple common meter)	For instance: Sing songs in unison and two parts Maintain their own part when singing songs written in two parts Sing songs written in different metres - tap the pulse on the strong beats



		Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
		For instance:	For instance:	For instance:
		Listen to notes G - E played on chime bars. Use the tune found in playground songs e.g. 'I'm the King of the Castle', to find their singing voice and match	Sing in tune in a group and alone Sing using a limited range of notes (i.e. middle C to	Sing with control of pitch
	ing	pitches	D octave above)	
	Pitching	Slide the voice upwards in pitch to a high voice and downwards in pitch to a low voice		
continued		Follow the shape of the melody when singing songs. (Use hand/arm to gesture)		
		For instance:	For instance:	For instance:
Singing		Sing songs while maintaining a steady beat: tapping/walking	Sing words/phrases of a song in their heads (thinking voice)	Sing/play with increased control, expression, fluency and confidence
- Si		Sing songs at different speeds	Sing with expression	Sing with clear diction, a sense of phrase and
ing		Sing the same song in different ways: loud, quiet; fast, slow, and in various moods	Sing/play appropriate material confidently and	musical expression
orm		Use the 'thinking voice' - ie sing the words in their	fluently	Control breathing, posture and sound projection.
Performing	БL	head	Make improvements to singing - rehearse together to achieve objectives	Breathe in agreed places to identify phrases. Recognise structures in known songs (identify repeated phrases)
	Singing	Play singing games in which children sing phrases	Jse graphic notation to illustrate the shape and r	
		alone Sing songs expressively increasingly in tune within a limited pitch	formation of melodies	Sing a round in two parts - identify the melodic phrases and how they fit together
		Recognise phrase lengths and know when to breathe with an attention to posture		Use graphic/traditional/other notation to develop a deeper understanding of shape/form of melodies
		Use movements to show phrases		
		Perform each phrase in a different way		



		Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
		Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	
		 play tuned and un-tuned instruments musically 	 play and perform in solo and ensemble context with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and enderty 	s, using their voices and playing musical instruments expression
			use and understand staff and other musical not	ation
	ts /	For instance:	For instance:	
	umen ffects	Describe, name and group a variety of instruments	Create and control sounds on instruments (including	
	/ Instr ind Ef	Play instruments or use body percussion in different	tempo/speed-dynamics/volume and pitch)	
	ldentify Sou	ways to create sound effects and follow directions to 'perform' a story together	Select instruments and create sounds to describe visual images	
ng		For instance:	For instance:	For instance:
- Playing	Control	Handle and play a variety of tuned and un-tuned instruments with control	Keep in time with a steady pulse when playing instruments	Play instruments with control and rhythmic accuracy Perform a particular cyclic pattern i.e. rhythmic
bu		Sing a song they know well - one group taps the	Perform a repeated pattern to a steady pulse	phrase structured, layered and repeated. SAMBA,
Performing		pulse on their thighs the other group taps the rhythm with two fingers on the palm of their hands	Maintain own part with awareness of how the	STREET BAND or AFRICAN DRUMMING
erfo			different parts fit together to achieve an overall effect	Perform a round confidently using voices and instruments. Be aware of other parts when playing
ď		Add an instrument to play on the beat and one to play with the rhythm	eneci	an independent part
	Cor	The children mark the pulse of a song with stamps/		Play simple chords in sequence
		claps		Demonstrate awareness of own contribution -
		Chant/sing, clap the rhythm of the song; transfer the rhythm onto an un-tuned instrument; use it to		leading others, taking a solo part and/or providing rhythmic support/accompaniment
		accompany the chanting		Subdivide the pulse keeping to a steady beat. e.g.
		Count with a steady pulse		count in 4s - one part plays every beat (crotchets)
		Contribute ideas and control sounds as part of a		another part plays every 2 beats (minims) holding
		class composition and performance		each for 2 counts; another part plays every 4 beats (semi-breve) holding for 4 full beats



		Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
		For instance:	For instance:	For instance:
		Follow a conductor and be the conductor themselves, responding to a range of gestures for: start/stop, slow/fast, loud/quiet	Play new pieces by ear and from simple notations	Perform significant parts from memory and from notations
		Make a picture label for each group of instruments		
		Play together, using symbols as a support		
	uo	Talk about and devise signs/gestures/symbols for the concepts: high/low, fast/slow, long/short.		
ntinued	Notation	Make two flash cards, one for long and one for short sounds		
Playing continued		Perform long and short sounds in response to symbols		
- Play		Play and sing phrases from dot notation using 'pitch cards' - High/Middle/Low -		
Performing		Interpret the pattern on the card e.g. H-H-L or L-M-H or H-L-H		
Per		For instance:	For instance:	For instance:
	вu	Evaluate own music and that of others	Suggest and make improvements to work and that	Rehearse with others and help achieve a high
		Discuss what was good	of others, commenting on the intended effect and how to achieve it	quality performance showing an awareness of the audience
	Evaluating	Suggest how it might be improved	Contribute to a class performance	Refine and improve their own and others' work in
	Eva		Rehearse together to achieve objectives	relation to the intended effect
			Suggest Ideas and preparations for performances	Perform with awareness of audience, venue and occasion



	Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Experimenting	Year 1/2 Pupils should be taught to: • experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music For instance: Explore different sounds using body percussion Make various sound effects to describe selected/ thematic words Suggest which instruments would make a particular sound Select sounds and sound sources carefully in response to a story suggest what sounds could be	Pupils should be taught to:	urposes using the inter-related dimensions of music
Improvising and Expe Explore and Make Sounds	-		



		Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
		For instance:	For instance:	For instance:
		Identify how sounds can be changed e.g. grip triangle to 'stop it from vibrating well and release it to enable a full, vibrating sound		Devise more complex rhythmic patterns using semi-quavers and rests
		Identify the pulse and explore getting faster and slower	layers of sound with awareness of the combined effect	Improvise rhythmic patterns over a steady pulse with confidence Fit different rhythmic patterns together and maintain
q		Experiment with different timbres (sound qualities)		own part with awareness of the pulse
tinue		Explore the concepts: loud/quiet, high/low, fast/slow		
con	S	Explore the effect of silence		
ting	pun	Experiment and change sounds		
Experimenting continued	Control and Change Sounds	Make instruction flash cards showing selected words or symbols and hold up to play from to help children remember the different sections of a composition		
		Experiment to improve the intended effect		
Improvising and		Give the composition a title		



		Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
		For instance:	For instance:	For instance:
		Begin to internalise and create rhythmic patterns		Recognise combinations of pitched sounds -
		Use words/phrases (these could be from songs	pentatonic scales (limited range of notes: DEGAB or CDEGA)	concords and discords
		days of week/months of year) - tap them out		Identify and play CM diatonic Chords C-F-G-Am-Dm
	lies	Make up simple dance patterns – keeping in time with the pulse and including rhythms		Improvise - developing rhythmic and melodic material within given structures - when performing
	eloc	Use voices to provide sound effects		
nued	M br	Create long and short sounds on instruments.		
g continued	ıms an	Find and play by ear, phrases of well-known songs on tuned instruments		
nting	thyt	Make up three-note tunes independently		
rimenti	Create Rhythms and Melodies	Record their own tunes - use colours instead of note names		
Experi		Create songs of their own using high-middle-low pitches		
and				
mprovising				
upro			For instance:	For instance:
II				
	Electronic		Use ICT/electronic devices, (microphones and recording equipment) to change and manipulate sounds	Use ICT / electronic devices, (microphones and recording equipment) to change and manipulate sounds
	Elec			
		1	1	<u> </u>



	Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Composing	Year 1/2	Year 3/4 Pupils should be taught to: improvise and compose music for a range of purpos listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with i use and understand staff and other musical notation For instance: Combine sounds to create textures Create sequences of sound - musical structures which express ideas or moods using lyrics/sounds/movements-actions Compose sequences using notated rhythms Join sequences together to create structures of rhythmic, descriptive or dance patterns Select and sequence pitches (limited range) to create melodic phrases Add words to melodic phrases to create a class/group song Compose music in pairs - and small groups Explore, choose, combine, organise and record musical ideas within musical structures Use a variety of notations including 'graphic score' - picto-grams etc. Develop an ability to represent sounds and symbols in movement/words/with instruments Use staff notation as a support	es using the inter-related dimension of music ncreasing aural memory s For instance: Create textures by combining sounds Compose music to describe images Create music that describes two contrasting moods Internalise sounds, then select, combine and exploit a range of different sounds to compose a sound-scape stimulated by(topic) Develop more complex rhythmic ideas Devise rhythmic, melodic and harmonic accompaniments Apply knowledge and understanding of how the combined musical elements of pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture and silence can be organised within musical structures/forms and used to communicate different moods and effects Compose music for different occasions using appropriate musical features and devices (melody, rhythms, chords and structures) Use standard and additional methods of notation as appropriate across a range of different contexts. Be aware of some of the basic major scales
		Use staff notation as a support Look at the music and follow each part	Play from pitched notation (read music) Show understanding of how music is produced in different ways and described through relevant established and invented notations



		Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
бu		 Pupils should be taught to: listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high quality live and recorded music For instance: 	 Pupils should be taught to: appreciate and understand a wide range of high from great composers and musicians develop an understanding of the history of musicians <i>For instance:</i> 	h quality music drawn from different traditions and ic <i>For instance:</i>
Listening, Developing Knowledge and Understanding	Listening	Listen to short excerpts of music from a variety of styles, genres and traditions Identify a variety of instruments that can be heard and describe sounds Identify the pulse in different pieces of music Tap knees in time with 'steady beat' music Listen to different sounds in the environment Recall short sequences / patterns of sounds Sing a familiar song, identify then tap the rhythm of the words Sing back melodic phrases from known songs Listen to pieces of music that describe e.g. The Sea/ Fireworks etc Describe different images created by music Identify features e.g. Loud/quiet, fast/slow, high/low, pulse, rhythm, sound effects Listen to a selection of music that has long (often slow) and short (often fast) sounds Recognise long and short sounds and make longer and shorter sounds with their voices	Listen with attention to detail and internalize and recall sounds with increasing aural memory Learn new songs quickly; sing from memory Identify rhythmic patterns, instruments and repetitions of sound/pattern Internalise short melodies and play these on pitched instruments (play by ear) Analyse and compare different sound qualities (TIMBRES) instrumental, vocal, environmental/ natural, synthesised Explain how sounds can create different intended effects Recognise how the different musical elements are combined and used expressively	Identify musical features (scale, arpeggio, canon, drone, dynamics, ostinato, timbre) Analyse and comment on the effectiveness of how sounds, images and lyrics are used to create different moods Recognise different tempi – speeds of music Identify different meters – grouping of the beat – counting and feeling the pulse on the strong beat Describe the effect of different combinations of pitched notes using the terms tense-discord, relaxed -concord Appraise own work by comparing/contrasting with work of others Improve performance through listening, internalising and analysing



		Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
		For instance:	For instance:	For instance:
Knowledge and Understanding continued	Knowledge and Understanding	For instance: Recall and perform rhythmic patterns to a steady pulse Use instruments to copy back 4-beat rhythm patterns Introduce the Xylophone or metallophone Play 'High-middle-low': prepare two chime bars an octave apart, Introduce the middle note, G Illustrate stories or nursery rhymes by playing up or down the notes at appropriate moments Use movement and dance to reinforce the enjoyment of music and the sense of pulse Respond to long and short sounds through movement - match actions to long and short sounds		For instance: Listen with concentration and some engagement to longer pieces of instrumental and vocal music Explore and explain their own ideas and feelings about music using movement, dance, expressive language and musical vocabulary Identify how music reflects different intentions Identify how music reflects time and place Show knowledge and understanding of how time and place can influence the way music is created, performed and heard. Identify and explore musical device Describe, compare and evaluate different kinds of music using an appropriate musical vocabulary e.g.
Listening, Developing Knowl		Talk about high and low sounds in the environment and everyday life and imitate them with voices Use hand position to reinforce high, middle, low Sing back melodic phrases from known songs Express thoughts and feelings about music and respond physically through simple demonstration, language, movement and other art forms, giving simple justifications of reasons for response		pitch, tempo. timbre, lyrics Develop a broad understanding of a wide range of live and recorded music from different styles, genres and traditions from a variety of composers and musicians